

Safari Animals Fun Facts Matching

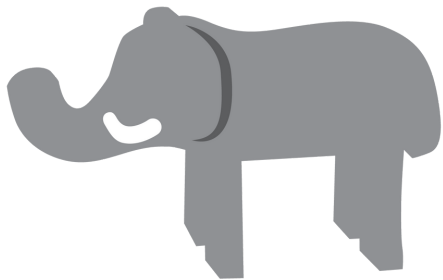
Draw a line between each Magna-Mal on the left to the correct fact on the right.



At the tip of this animal's tail is a patch of bare skin that acts similar to a human's fingertips. It is sensitive to touch and also has tiny ridges that gives the tail a better grip.



There are more than 100,000 muscle units in this animal's trunk, making it sensitive enough to pick up objects as small as a penny and strong enough to lift whole trees.



Just like human fingerprints, no two of these animals have the same coat pattern.



This animal's roar can be heard from as far as 5 miles away.

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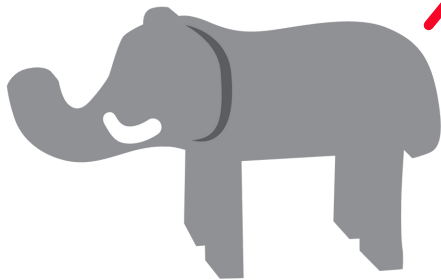
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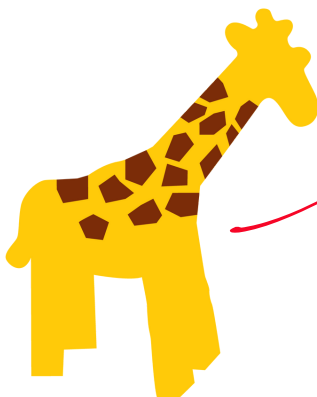
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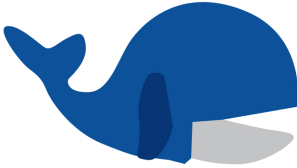
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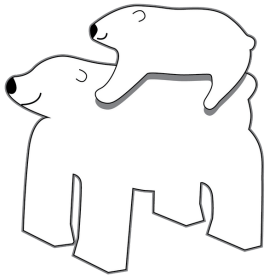
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Arctic Animals Fun Facts Matching

Draw a line between each Magna-Mal on the left to the correct fact on the right.



Even though it looks white, this animal's fur is actually hollow and transparent. It reflects light similarly to ice which makes it look white or yellow.



A group of these animals out in the water is called a raft, but on land they're called a waddle.



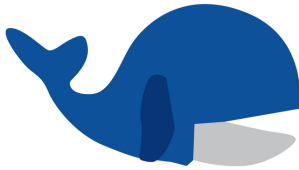
This animal is a descendent from the Artiodactyl species of dinosaurs, which were land livers.



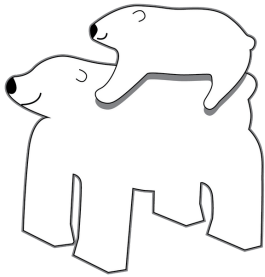
These animals migrate up to 2,500 km from their breeding sites to summer feeding grounds.

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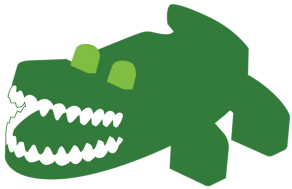
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Jungle Animals Fun Facts Matching

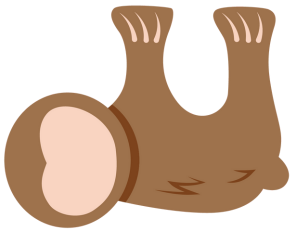
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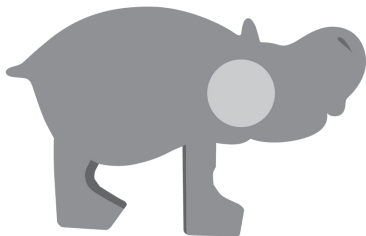
Unlike most big cats, these animals are good swimmers and can swim up to four miles.



These animals grow to be around two feet tall and five feet long. They live in dense forests and are smaller than their African river cousins.



These animals are one of the longest surviving species on the planet.



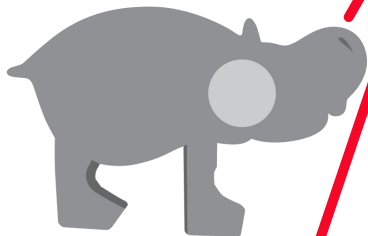
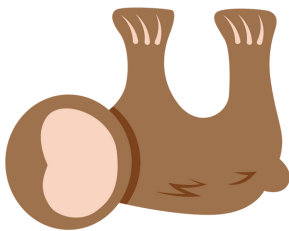
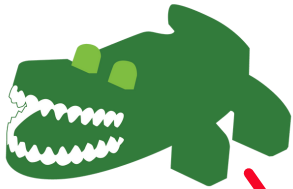
These animals spend up to 90% of their lives hanging upside down.



These animals live in more habitats than any other big cat species.

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